

REGIONAL REVIEW FINDING

Atlanta Regional Commission • 229 Peachtree Street NE | Suite 100 | Atlanta, Georgia 30303 • ph: 404.463.3100 fax: 404.463.3205 • atlantaregional.org

DATE: Feb. 18, 2021 **ARC REVIEW CODE**: R2102011

TO: Chairwoman Nicole Love HendricksonATTN TO: Ashley Nichols, Planning ManagerFROM: Douglas R. Hooker, Executive Director

RE: Development of Regional Impact (DRI) Review

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The Atlanta Regional Commission (ARC) has completed regional review of the following Development of Regional Impact (DRI). ARC reviewed the DRI with regard to its relationship to regional plans, goals and policies – and impacts it may have on the activities, plans, goals and policies of other local jurisdictions as well as state, federal and other agencies. This final report does not address whether the DRI is or is not in the best interest of the host local government.

Name of Proposal: Heritage On The Lake (DRI #3178)

Submitting Local Government: Gwinnett County

Review Type: Development of Regional Impact **Date Opened**: Feb. 1, 2021 **Date Closed**: Feb. 18, 2021

<u>Description</u>: A Development of Regional Impact (DRI) review of a proposed redevelopment of the Heritage Golf Links in unincorporated Gwinnett County and the City of Tucker (DeKalb County) to build a total of 334 detached single–family units, 254 attached single–family units (townhomes), 290 multifamily apartment units, and 10,000 SF of retail. The site is located at 4445 Britt Road and all site access will be from Britt Road and Old Norcross Tucker Road. The local trigger is a rezoning to TND, RM–13, and R–TH. Expected buildout is 2025.

<u>Comments:</u> According to the ARC Unified Growth Policy Map (UGPM), part of The Atlanta Region's Plan, this DRI is partly in the Established Suburbs area of the region and partly in the Maturing Neighborhoods area. ARC's Regional Development Guide (RDG) details recommended policies for areas on the UGPM. General RDG information and recommendations for both areas are listed at the bottom of these comments.

This DRI appears to manifest certain aspects of regional policy. It offers a variety of housing types and sizes, and introduces commercial uses in a location where they can be accessed without vehicles by most residents of the DRI. It incorporates common green space and amenities at multiple locations. ARC's policy guidance for Established Suburbs mentions that new development should connect to the existing road network and adjacent developments, and use of cul-de-sacs or other means resulting in disconnected subdivisions, should be discouraged. This DRI features appropriate internal street connectivity within its boundaries and to its access streets, but it doesn't offer any connections to the adjacent single-family home neighborhoods. While opening these connections may face opposition from some surrounding

residents, not doing so will continue to place traffic burdens on collector and arterial streets and reduce pedestrian options.

The project is bisected by Old Norcross Tucker Road, but some pedestrian connectivity can be preserved by repurposing the existing golf-cart bridge south of Britt Road as a pedestrian facility to allow residents in the western half of the project reach the commercial businesses on the eastern half. The site plan currently shows a space intended to provide pedestrian access from the eastern half of the site to Lucky Shoals Park directly to the east. This connection should be pursued by the county and implemented. If the county pursues the potential for a trail connection from Lucky Shoals Park east along Jackson Creek, this entrance could connect the DRI to the county's trail network in the future.

The Gwinnett County Destination 2040 comprehensive transportation plan states: "Gwinnett County should encourage logical connections between neighborhoods and nearby commercial areas to provide enhanced access for people driving, biking, and walking. To improve traffic circulation and provide mobility options for residents of new subdivisions, the County should prioritize traditional street grids for the layout of new subdivisions rather than cul-de-sacs when natural conditions do not demand them. The County should also explore improving bicycle and pedestrian connections between existing neighborhoods and commercial centers, where appropriate, to connect these residents to activity areas via non-vehicular means."

Please review additional attached comments regarding transportation impacts from ARC's Transportation Access & Mobility Division. Additional comments are attached from GDOT's Aviation division regarding any construction equipment exceeding 200 feet above ground level.

The attached comments from ARC's Natural Resources Group note that the DRI site is not in a water supply watershed. Lucky Shoals Creek runs across the center of the site, along with an unmapped tributary in the City of Tucker portion of the site. During the pre-review meeting held on Nov. 2, 2020, staff from the Gwinnett County Department of Water Resources noted there is a major project to separate the stormwater basin at the county line.

Further to the above, Maturing Neighborhoods were primarily developed prior to 1970. These areas are primarily adjacent to the Region's Core and Employment Corridors and together they encompass 49% of region's jobs and 18% of population. Policy recommendations include:

- Improve safety and quality of transit options by providing alternatives for end-of-trip facilities (such as bicycle racks) and sidewalks and/ or shelters adjacent to bus stops
- Identify and remedy incidents of "food deserts" within neighborhoods, particularly in traditionally underserved neighborhoods and schools
- Promote mixed use where locally appropriate, specifically in areas served by existing or planned transit
- Develop policies and establish design standards to ensure new and infill development is compatible with existing neighborhoods

dDeveloping and Established Suburbs strategies include:

- New development should connect to the existing road network and adjacent developments and use of cul-de-sacs or other means resulting in disconnected subdivisions should be discouraged
- Maximize the usefulness of existing recreational facilities in addition to providing new recreational opportunities
- Eliminate vacant or under-utilized parking areas through mechanisms such as out-parceling or conversion to community open space
- Use rain gardens, vegetated swales or other enhanced water filtration design to enhance the quality of stormwater run-off
- Identify other opportunities to foster a sense of community by developing town centers, village centers or other places of centralized location

THE FOLLOWING LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND AGENCIES RECEIVED NOTICE OF THIS REVIEW:

ARC COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT
ARC RESEARCH & ANALYTICS
GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
CITY OF LILBURN
GRTA/SRTA

ARC Transportation Access & Mobility
ARC Aging & Health Resources
Georgia Department of Transportation
DEKALB COUNTY
MARTA

ARC NATURAL RESOURCES
GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY AFFAIRS
GWINNETT COUNTY
CITY OF TUCKER

If you have any questions regarding this review, please contact Greg Giuffrida at (470) 378–1531 or ggiuffrida@atlantaregional.org. This finding will be published to the ARC review website located at http://atlantaregional.org/plan-reviews.





Developments of Regional Impact

DRI Home View Submissions <u>Login</u> Tier Map **Apply**

DRI #3178

DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT Initial DRI Information

This form is to be completed by the city or county government to provide basic project information that will allow the RDC to determine if the project appears to meet or exceed applicable DRI thresholds. Refer to both the Rules for the DRI Process and the DRI Tiers and Thresholds for more information.

Local Government Information

Submitting Local Gwinnett

Individual completing form: Ashley Nichols

Telephone: 6785186215

E-mail: ashley.nichols@gwinnettcounty.com

*Note: The local government representative completing this form is responsible for the accuracy of the information contained herein. If a project is to be located in more than one jurisdiction and, in total, the project meets or exceeds a DRI threshold, the local government in which the largest portion of the project is to be located is responsible for initiating the DRI review process.

Proposed Project Information

Name of Proposed Project: Heritage on the Lake

Location (Street Address, 4445 Britt Road, Tucker, GA 30084 GPS Coordinates, or Legal

Land Lot Description):

Brief Description of Project: Redevelopment consisting of a traditional neighborhood development, multifamily units, and townhouses. -210 single-family attached and detached dwellings and 10,000 square feet of commercial retail space in the TND request -290 multifamily/apartment units in the RM-13 request -150 townhouses in the R-TH

request

Development Type:

(not selected) Hotels Wastewater Treatment Facilities Office Mixed Use Petroleum Storage Facilities Commercial Airports OWater Supply Intakes/Reservoirs Wholesale & Distribution Attractions & Recreational Facilities Intermodal Terminals Hospitals and Health Care Facilities Post-Secondary Schools Truck Stops Housing Waste Handling Facilities OAny other development types Quarries, Asphalt & Cement Plants Industrial

If other development type, describe:

Project Size (# of units, floor area, etc.): 650

Developer: Lennar Georgia, Inc

Mailing Address: 1776 Peachtree St. NW

Address 2: Ste. 390N

City:Atlanta State: GA Zip:30309

Telephone: 404-665-1241 Email: ddillard@dillardsellers.com

Is property owner different from developer/applicant? (not selected) Yes No

If yes, property owner: Burns Golf Course, LLC Is the proposed project

entirely located within your local government's jurisdiction?

(not selected) Yes No

If no. in what additional jurisdictions is the project City of Tucker, GA (DeKalb County, GA)

Is the current proposal a continuation or expansion of (not selected) Yes No

a previous DRI?

If yes, provide the following Project Name: information: Project ID:

1 of 2 10/21/2020, 3:28 PM

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The initial action being requested of the local Sewer government for this project. Sewer Permit Other

Is this project a phase or part of a larger overall project?

If yes, what percent of the overall project does this project/phase represent?

Estimated Project This project/phase: 2025

Completion Dates: Overall project:
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DRI Site Map | Contact

2 of 2



Developments of Regional Impact

DRI Home

Tier Map

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DRI #3178

DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT Additional DRI Information

This form is to be completed by the city or county government to provide information needed by the RDC for its review of the proposed DRI. Refer to both the Rules for the DRI Process and the DRI Tiers and Thresholds for more

Local Government Information

Submitting Local Government: Gwinnett

Individual completing form: Ashley Nichols

Telephone: 6785186215

Email: ashlev.nichols@gwinnettcountv.com

Project Information

Name of Proposed Project: Heritage on the Lake

DRI ID Number: 3178

Developer/Applicant: Lennar Georgia, Inc

Telephone: 404-665-1241

Email(s): ddillard@dillardsellers.com

Additional Information Requested

Has the RDC identified any additional information

required in order to proceed with the official regional review process? (If no,

(not selected) Yes No

proceed to Economic

Impacts.)

If yes, has that additional information been provided to your RDC and, if applicable,

(not selected) Yes No

If no, the official review process can not start until this additional information is provided.

Economic Development

Estimated Value at Build-

Estimated annual local tax

\$233,995,000

revenues (i.e., property tax, sales tax) likely to be generated by the proposed development:

\$5,147,890

Is the regional work force sufficient to fill the demand created by the proposed (not selected) Yes No

Will this development

project?

displace any existing uses? (not selected) Yes No

If yes, please describe (including number of units, square feet, etc): YES, THE SITE IS CURRENTLY DEVELOPED WITH A GOLF COURSE. THIS USE WOULD BE DISPLACED AS A RESULT OF THE PROJECT. HOWEVER, THE EXISTING USE IS NO LONGER VIABLE, IN COMPARISON

Water Supply

Name of water supply provider for this site:

Gwinnett County Water / Dekalb County Water

What is the estimated water supply demand to be generated by the project, measured in Millions of

0.35 MGD Gallons Per Day (MGD)?

1 of 3 1/26/2021, 1:56 PM

Is sufficient water supply capacity available to serve the proposed project?	C(not selected) Yes No
Existing 6" water mains along extending into Gwinnett Cour the site shall have 3,700 lines	xpand the existing water supply capacity: g Britt Road will be upgraded to 8" DIP mains. Within Dekalb County limits (partially tly limits), the water main on the northwest corner of the site and extending west away from ar feet of main upsized. Within Gwinnett County limits, the water main on Britt Road starting rontage and extending east away from the site shall have 1,350 linear feet of main upsized.
Is a water line extension required to serve this project?	(not selected) Yes No
The following changes will be	line (in miles) will be required? a water main replacements and will not expand the serviceable areas of the respective water 70 Miles of 6" main upsized to 8" main. Gwinnett County: 0.26 Miles of 6" main upsized to 8"
	Wastewater Disposal
Name of wastewater treatment provider for this site:	Gwinnett County Wastewater / DeKalb County Wastewater
What is the estimated sewage flow to be generated by the project, measured in Millions of Gallons Per Day (MGD)?	0.35 MGD
Is sufficient wastewater treatment capacity available to serve this proposed project?	ℂ(not selected) "YesີNo
	expand existing wastewater treatment capacity: As part of this project, DeKalb County is station to separate all of the DeKalb County sewer from the Gwinnett County sewer. All ng plant facilities.
Is a sewer line extension required to serve this project?	(not selected) Yes No
If yes, how much additional li	ine (in miles) will be required?
	Land Transportation
How much traffic volume is expected to be generated by the proposed development, in peak hour vehicle trips per day? (If only an alternative measure of volume is available, please provide.)	AM: 430 PM: 436
Has a traffic study been performed to determine whether or not transportation or access improvements will be needed to serve this project?	ℂ (not selected) ⊮ Yes ℂ No
Are transportation improvements needed to serve this project?	(not selected) Yes No
Remove "YEILD" sign at the free flow movement since a r shared through / left turn lane Tucker Norcross Road and B existing westbound right turn through movements) • Interse eastbound lane from a left turn through movements). Site Mit existing northbound left turn to add a northbound protecte on Britt Road • Site driveway driveways 3 and 4: construct and left turn lane on Old Norc	System improvements: • Intersection 7: Pleasantdale Road and Tucker Norcross Road o northbound channelized right turn lane and replace with "KEEP MOVING" sign to create a receiving lane exists o Restripe the middle westbound lane from a left turn lane to be a le (current striping does not accommodate westbound through movements) • Intersection 8: riftt Road o Optimize signal timing to accommodate projected traffic growth o Restripe the lane to be a shared through / right turn lane (current striping does not accommodate ection 9: Chamblee Tucker Road and Tucker Norcross Road o Restripe the middle rn lane to be a shared through / left turn lane (current striping does not accommodate gigation Improvements: • Intersection 1: Britt Road and Old Norcross Tucker Road o Extend to 190 feet to accommodate projected northbound left turn movements o Modify traffic signal d, permissive left turn phase • Site driveway 1: provide a left turn lane and deceleration lane 2: provide a deceleration lane south and construct a left turn lane on Britt Road • Site a deceleration lane on Britt Road • Site Driveways 6 and 7: construct a deceleration lane cross Tucker Road • All site driveways are recommended to consist of one entering lane and ope-controlled on the driveway approach
	Solid Waste Disposal
How much solid waste is the project expected to generate annually (in tons)?	2300 tons
Is sufficient landfill capacity available to serve this proposed project?	ℂ(not selected) Yes No
If no, describe any plans to e	xpand existing landfill capacity:
Will any hazardous waste be generated by the development?	(not selected) Yes No
If yes, please explain:	

2 of 3

Stormwater Management	
What percentage of the site is projected to be impervious surface once the proposed development has been constructed?	Approximately 52% of the site will be covered by impervious surfaces
project's impacts on stormwastormwater ponds will be cor serve the Dekalb property. Ti into existing streams and the stormwater ponds will be cor provide 1.2" of water quality lake. Streams shall be mainta addition to a 30' undisturbed	osed (such as buffers, detention or retention ponds, pervious parking areas) to mitigate the ter management:On the portion of the site contained within Dekalb County, three structed, and an additional fourth pond will be constructed within Gwinnett County limits to sess ponds will provide 1° of runoff reduction and stormwater detention prior to releasing existing onsite lake. On the portion of the site contained within Gwinnett County, four structed in addition to the fifth pond that will serve the Dekalb property. These ponds will and stormwater detention prior to releasing into existing streams and the existing onsite ained with respect to the standard 75' impervious setbacks and 50' undisturbed setbacks, in buffer surrounding the lake. Rip-rap shall be installed at all stormwater outlets and a plemented to stabilize all disturbed land and sensitive water features.
	Environmental Quality
Is the development located w	vithin, or likely to affect any of the following:
Water supply watersheds?	ℂ(not selected) Yes ⊪No
Significant groundwater recharge areas?	(not selected) Yes No
3. Wetlands?	(not selected) Yes No
4. Protected mountains?	(not selected) Yes No
5. Protected river corridors?	(not selected) Yes No
6. Floodplains?	(not selected) Yes No
7. Historic resources?	(not selected) Yes No
8. Other environmentally sensitive resources?	ℂ(not selected) 『Yes No
There are wetlands present of	uestion above, describe how the identified resource(s) may be affected: on the site, but they will be sufficiently protected from encroachment by the development a around them left as open space. Similarly, the floodplain areas present on the site will also thed by development. There is a large lake present on the site, which could be considered

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DRI Site Map | Contact

3 of 3

Greg Giuffrida

From: Hood, Alan C. <achood@dot.ga.gov>
Sent: Thursday, February 11, 2021 2:48 PM

To: Greg Giuffrida

Subject: RE: ARC DRI Review Notification: Heritage On The Lake DRI 3178 **Attachments:** ARC Preliminary Report - Heritage On The Lake DRI 3178.pdf

Greg,

The proposed redevelopment of the Heritage Golf Links in unincorporated Gwinnett County and the City of Tucker (DeKalb County) to build a total of 334 detached single-family units, 254 attached single-family units (townhomes), 290 multifamily apartment units, and 10,000 SF of retail space is 5 miles from DeKalb-Peachtree Airport (PDK). It is located outside any FAA approach or departure surfaces, and airport compatible land use areas, and does not appear to impact the airport.

If any construction equipment or construction exceeds 200' AGL, an FAA Form 7460-1 must be submitted to the Federal Aviation Administration according to the FAA's Notice Criteria Tool found here

(https://oeaaa.faa.gov/oeaaa/external/gisTools/gisAction.jsp?action=showNoNoticeRequiredToolForm). Those submissions for any associated cranes may be done online at https://oeaaa.faa.gov. The FAA must be in receipt of the notifications, no later than 120 days prior to construction. The FAA will evaluate the potential impacts of the project on protected airspace associated with the airports and advise the proponent if any action is necessary.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on the proposed development.

Alan Hood

Airport Safety Data Program Manager



Aviation Programs
600 West Peachtree Street NW
6th Floor
Atlanta, GA, 30308
404.660.3394 cell
404.532.0082 office

From: Greg Giuffrida < GGiuffrida@atlantaregional.org>

Sent: Monday, February 1, 2021 8:42 PM

To: Sylvia Smith - DeKalb County (sasmith@dekalbcountyga.gov) <sasmith@dekalbcountyga.gov>; Cedric Hudson - DeKalb County (chudson@dekalbcountyga.gov) <chudson@dekalbcountyga.gov>; Larry Washington (lwashington@dekalbcountyga.gov>; Courtney Smith - City of Tucker (CSmith@Tuckerga.gov) <CSmith@Tuckerga.gov>; khilderbrandt@tuckerga.gov; bjohnsa@cityoflilburn.com; dstacks@cityoflilburn.com; Andrew Spiliotis <aspiliotis@srta.ga.gov>; Annie Gillespie <agillespie@srta.ga.gov>; 'ccomer@dot.ga.gov'; 'chuck.mueller@dnr.state.ga.us'; 'cyvandyke@dot.ga.gov'; 'davinwilliams@dot.ga.gov'; Delgadillo Canizares, Marlene V. <mcanizares@dot.ga.gov>; DeNard, Paul <pdenard@dot.ga.gov>; Finch, Ashley M <AFinch@dot.ga.gov>; Fowler, Matthew <mfowler@dot.ga.gov>; Greg Floyd - MARTA (gfloyd@itsmarta.com) <pde>
<gfloyd@itsmarta.com>; Kassa, Habte <hkassa@dot.ga.gov>; Hatch, Justin A <juhatch@dot.ga.gov>; Hood, Alan C. <achood@dot.ga.gov>; Johnson, Lankston <lajohnson@dot.ga.gov>; Jon West <jon.west@dca.ga.gov>;

HERITAGE LAKE DRI

Gwinnett County/City of Tucker Natural Resources Group Comments January 28, 2021

While ARC and the Metropolitan North Georgia Water Planning District have no regulatory or review authority over this project, the Natural Resources Group has identified County and State regulations that could apply to this property. Other regulations may also apply that we have not identified.

Stream Buffers

The proposed project, which is located in both unincorporated Gwinnett County and the City of Tucker in DeKalb County, is in the Yellow River watershed, which is not a water supply watershed within the Atlanta Region or the Metropolitan North Georgia Water Planning District and is not subject to the Part 5 Water Supply Watershed Criteria of the 1989 Georgia Planning Act.

Both the site plan and the USGS coverage for the project area show Lucky Shoals Creek crossing the property on either side of the existing lake. On the downstream side of the lake, the Gwinnett County 50-foot stream buffer and 75-foot impervious setback, as well as the State 25-foot Sediment and Erosion Control buffer are labelled and are shown along the stream. An unmapped tributary flowing into the existing lake on the Tucker portion of the property is shown with the labeled City 50-foot stream buffer and 75-foot impervious setback, as well as the State 25-foot Sediment and Erosion Control buffer. No new intrusions are shown in any of these buffers. Existing foot and cart paths associated with the existing golf course are shown, but it is not clear if any will remain. Any unmapped streams on the property may be subject to the County, City and State buffers. Any unmapped waters of the state will also be subject to the State 25-foot Sediment and Erosion Control buffer.

Stormwater/Water Quality

The project should adequately address the impacts of the proposed development on stormwater runoff and downstream water quality.

During the planning phase, the stormwater management system (system) should meet the requirements of the local jurisdiction's post-construction (or post-development) stormwater management ordinance. The system should be designed to prevent increased flood damage, streambank channel erosion, habitat degradation and water quality degradation, and enhance and promote the public health, safety and general welfare. The system design should also be in accordance with the applicable sections of the Georgia Stormwater Management Manual (www.georgiastormwater.com) such as design standards, calculations, formulas, and methods. Where possible, the project should use stormwater better site design practices included in the Georgia Stormwater Management Manual, Volume 2, Section 2.3.

During construction, the project should conform to the relevant state and federal erosion and sedimentation control requirements.



regional impact + local relevance

Development of Regional Impact

Assessment of Consistency with the Regional Transportation Plan

DRI INFORMATION

DRI Number #3178

DRI Title Heritage on the Lake Development

County Gwinnett County

City (if applicable) Tucker

Address / Location Southwest and southeast corners of the intersection of Britt Road at Old Norcross

Tucker Road

Proposed Development Type:

The portion of the development west of Old Norcross Tucker Road will consist of single-family homes (334 units) and townhomes (104 units). The portion of the development east of Old Norcross Tucker Road will consist of retail space (10,000sf),

multifamily homes (290 units), and townhomes (150 units).

Build Out: 2025

Review Process EXPEDITED

NON-EXPEDITED

REVIEW INFORMATION

Prepared by ARC Transportation Access and Mobility Division

Staff Lead Aries Little

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Date February 1, 2021

TRAFFIC STUDY

Prepared by A&R Engineering Inc.

Date January 26, 2021

REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION PLAN PROJECTS

01. Did the traffic analysis incorporate all projects contained in the current version of the fiscally constrained RTP which are within the study area or along major transportation corridors connecting the study area with adjacent jurisdictions?
YES (provide the regional plan referenced and the page number of the traffic study where relevant projects are identified)
NO (provide comments below)
The traffic analysis includes a list of programmed projects (page 3) that are not in proximity of the project area. However, there are no projects in the RTP within the study area or along major transportation corridors connecting the study area with adjacent jurisdictions.
REGIONAL NETWORKS
02. Will the development site be directly served by any roadways identified as Regional Thoroughfares?
A Regional Thoroughfare is a major transportation corridor that serves multiple ways of traveling, including walking, bicycling, driving, and riding transit. It connects people and goods to important places in metropolitan Atlanta. A Regional Thoroughfare's operations should be managed through application of special traffic control strategies and suitable land development guidelines in order to maintain travel efficiency, reliability, and safety for all users. In light of the special function that Regional Thoroughfares serve in supporting cross-regional and interjurisdictional mobility and access, the network receives priority consideration for infrastructure investment in the Metro Atlanta region. Any access points between the development and a Regional Thoroughfare, combined with the development's on-site circulation patterns, must be designed with the goal of preserving the highest possible level of capacity and safety for all users of the roadway.
NO
The access points identified are located on Britt Road and Old Norcross Road, which are not identified as a Regional Thoroughfare.
YES (identify the roadways and existing/proposed access points)
Click here to provide comments.

03. Will the development site be directly served by any roadways identified as Regional Truck Routes?

A Regional Truck Route is a freeway, state route or other roadway which serves as a critical link for the movement of goods to, from and within the Region by connecting airports, intermodal/multimodal facilities, distribution and warehousing centers and manufacturing clusters with the rest of the state and nation. These facilities often serve a key mobility and access function for other users as well, including drivers, bicyclists, pedestrians and transit users. A Regional Truck Route's operations should be managed through application of special traffic control strategies and suitable land development guidelines in order to maintain travel efficiency, reliability, and safety for all users. In light of the special function that Regional Truck Routes serve in supporting cross-regional and interjurisdictional mobility and access, the network receives priority consideration for infrastructure investment in the Metro Atlanta region. Any access points between the development and a Regional Truck Route, combined with the development's on-site circulation patterns, must be designed with the goal of preserving the highest possible level of capacity and safety for all users of the roadway.

	⊠ N	IO The site will not be di	rectly served by a Regional Truck Route.
	Y	ES (identify the roadway	s and existing/proposed access points)
04.		e development site is wit ssibility conditions.	hin one mile of an existing rail service, provide information on
	prej help the ence	fer not to drive, expand on the condition of the congestion. If a development site and the condition of the	lopments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can transit service is available nearby, but walking or bicycling between e nearest station is a challenge, the applicable local government(s) is a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure
		NOT APPLICABLE (neares	et station more than one mile away)
		RAIL SERVICE WITHIN ON	NE MILE (provide additional information below)
	(Operator / Rail Line	
	ı	Nearest Station	Click here to enter name of operator and rail line
	I	Distance*	☐ Within or adjacent to the development site (0.10 mile or less)
			0.10 to 0.50 mile
			0.50 to 1.00 mile

Walking Access*	Sidewalks and crosswalks provide sufficient connectivity
	Sidewalk and crosswalk network is incomplete
	Not applicable (accessing the site by walking is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
	Click here to provide comments.
Bicycling Access*	Dedicated paths, lanes or cycle tracks provide sufficient connectivity
	Low volume and/or low speed streets provide connectivity
	Route follows high volume and/or high speed streets
	Not applicable (accessing the site by bicycling is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
Transit Connectivity	Fixed route transit agency bus service available to rail station
	Private shuttle or circulator available to rail station
	No services available to rail station
	 Not applicable (accessing the site by transit is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
	Click here to provide comments.

^{*} Following the most direct feasible walking or bicycling route to the nearest point on the development site

05. If there is currently no rail transit service within one mile of the development site, is nearby rail service planned in the fiscally constrained RTP?

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce traffic congestion. If a transit agency operates within the jurisdiction and expansion plans are being considered in the general vicinity of the development site, the agency should give consideration to how the site can be best served during the evaluation of alignments and station locations. Proactive negotiations with the development team and local government(s) are encouraged to determine whether right-of-way within the site should be identified and protected for potential future service. If direct service to the site is not feasible or cost effective, the transit agency and local government(s) are encouraged to ensure good walking and bicycling access accessibility is provided between the development and the future rail line. These improvements should be considered fundamental components of the overall transit expansion project, with improvements completed concurrent with or prior to the transit service being brought online.

NOT APPLICABLE (rail service already exists)
NOT APPLICABLE (accessing the site by transit is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
NO (no plans exist to provide rail service in the general vicinity)
YES (provide additional information on the timeframe of the expansion project below)
CST planned within TIP period
CST planned within first portion of long range period
CST planned near end of plan horizon

There is no rail service planned in the constrained RTP.

06. If the development site is within one mile of fixed route bus services (including any privately operated shuttles or circulators open to the general public), provide information on walking and bicycling accessibility conditions.

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce congestion. If a transit service is available nearby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and the nearest station is a challenge, the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the connection a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.

NOT APPLICABLE (nearest bus, shuttle or circulator stop more than one mile away)		
SERVICE WITHIN ONE MILE (provide additional information below)		
Operator(s)	Gwinnett County Transit	
Bus Route(s)	GCT #30 on Jimmy Carter; MARTA #124 on Chamblee-Tucker	
Distance*	☐ Within or adjacent to the development site (0.10 mile or less)	
Walking Access*	Sidewalks and crosswalks provide sufficient connectivity	
	Sidewalk and crosswalk network is incomplete	
	Not applicable (accessing the site by walking is not consistent with the type of development proposed)	
Bicycling Access*	Dedicated paths, lanes or cycle tracks provide sufficient connectivity	
	Low volume and/or low speed streets provide sufficient connectivity	
	Route uses high volume and/or high speed streets	
	Not applicable (accessing the site by bicycling is not consistent with the type of development proposed)	
* Following the most didevelopment site	irect feasible walking or bicycling route to the nearest point on the	

A sidewalk connection exists on the south side of Britt Road east from the DRI site to Jimmy Carter Boulevard and stops for GCT route #30. There is no sidewalk on Britt Road west from the DRI site to Chamblee-Tucker Road and MARTA route #124 stops.

		hich provides rail and/or fixed route bus service operate anywhere within the development site is located?
	or prefer not to drive, e can help reduce traffic comprehensive operation serving the site during a nature of the developm to the site is not feasible ensure good walking an any routes within a one	developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and congestion. If a transit agency operates within the jurisdiction and a cons plan update is undertaken, the agency should give consideration to the evaluation of future routes, bus stops and transfer facilities. If the cent is amenable to access by transit, walking or bicycling, but direct service be or cost effective, the transit agency and local government(s) should and bicycling access accessibility is provided between the development and the mile radius. The applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make adding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.
	□ NO	
	∑ YES	
	Gwinnett County Transit in Gwinnett County and	and MARTA are the two transit agencies that provide fixed route bus service Tucker, respectively.
ıx		
	If the development site on accessibility condition	is within one mile of an existing multi-use path or trail, provide information ns.
	Access between major who cannot or prefer n and jobs, and can help or trail is available near facilities is a challenge,	
	Access between major who cannot or prefer n and jobs, and can help or trail is available near facilities is a challenge,	developments and walking/bicycling facilities provide options for people ot to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people reduce traffic congestion. If connectivity with a regionally significant path rby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and those the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the route a
	Access between major who cannot or prefer n and jobs, and can help or trail is available nea facilities is a challenge, funding priority for fute	developments and walking/bicycling facilities provide options for people ot to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people reduce traffic congestion. If connectivity with a regionally significant path rby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and those the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the route a
	Access between major who cannot or prefer n and jobs, and can help or trail is available nea facilities is a challenge, funding priority for future. NOT APPLICABLE (n	developments and walking/bicycling facilities provide options for people ot to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people reduce traffic congestion. If connectivity with a regionally significant path rby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and those the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the route a ure walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.
	Access between major who cannot or prefer n and jobs, and can help or trail is available nea facilities is a challenge, funding priority for future. NOT APPLICABLE (n	developments and walking/bicycling facilities provide options for people ot to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people reduce traffic congestion. If connectivity with a regionally significant path rby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and those the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the route a ure walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.
	Access between major who cannot or prefer n and jobs, and can help or trail is available near facilities is a challenge, funding priority for future. NOT APPLICABLE (n YES (provide addition)	developments and walking/bicycling facilities provide options for people of to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people reduce traffic congestion. If connectivity with a regionally significant path rby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and those the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the route a ure walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements. The earest path or trail more than one mile away) The earest path or trail more than one mile away)
	Access between major who cannot or prefer n and jobs, and can help or trail is available nea facilities is a challenge, funding priority for future. NOT APPLICABLE (n YES (provide addition Name of facility)	developments and walking/bicycling facilities provide options for people of to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people reduce traffic congestion. If connectivity with a regionally significant path rby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and those the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the route a ure walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements. Learest path or trail more than one mile away) Click here to provide name of facility.
	Access between major who cannot or prefer n and jobs, and can help or trail is available nea facilities is a challenge, funding priority for future. NOT APPLICABLE (n YES (provide addition Name of facility)	developments and walking/bicycling facilities provide options for people of to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people reduce traffic congestion. If connectivity with a regionally significant path rby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and those the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the route a ure walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements. Learest path or trail more than one mile away) anal information below) Click here to provide name of facility. Within or adjacent to development site (0.10 mile or less)
	Access between major who cannot or prefer n and jobs, and can help or trail is available nea facilities is a challenge, funding priority for future. NOT APPLICABLE (n YES (provide addition Name of facility)	developments and walking/bicycling facilities provide options for people of to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people reduce traffic congestion. If connectivity with a regionally significant path rby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and those the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the route a cure walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements. Dearest path or trail more than one mile away) Click here to provide name of facility. Within or adjacent to development site (0.10 mile or less) 0.15 to 0.50 mile

Not applicable (accessing the site by walking is not consistent with

the type of development proposed)

Bic	ycling Access*	☐ Dedicated lanes or cycle tracks provide connectivity
		☐ Low volume and/or low speed streets provide connectivity
		☐ Route uses high volume and/or high speed streets
		Not applicable (accessing the site by bicycling is not consistent with the type of development proposed
	Following the most di development site	rect feasible walking or bicycling route to the nearest point on the
OTHER TRANS	PORTATION DESIGN	I CONSIDERATIONS
	e site plan provide for ions with adjacent pa	r the construction of publicly accessible local road or drive aisle rcels?
arteria	al or collector roadway	is routes to move between developments without using the adjacent networks can save time and reduce congestion. Such opportunities oactively incorporated into development site plans whenever possible.
YES	S (connections to adjac	cent parcels are planned as part of the development)
YES	S (stub outs will make	future connections possible when adjacent parcels redevelop)
NO	(the site plan preclud	es future connections with adjacent parcels when they redevelop)
ОТ	HER (Please explain)	
	e site plan enable peo oment site safely and o	lestrians and bicyclists to move between destinations within the conveniently?
reliand plans destin	ce on vehicular trips, we should incorporate we ations. To the extent p	vicyclists to move within the site safely and conveniently reduces which has congestion reduction and health benefits. Development site all designed and direct sidewalk connections between all key practical, bicycle lanes or multiuse paths are encouraged for large h volumes of bicyclists and pedestrians are possible.
_	•	on all key walking routes and both sides of roads whenever practical and major issues navigating the street network)
	RTIAL (some walking a mprehensive and/or di	and bicycling facilities are provided, but connections are not rect)
☐ NO	(walking and bicyclin	g facilities within the site are limited or nonexistent)
	T APPLICABLE (the na ycling trips)	ture of the development does not lend itself to internal walking and
□ от	HER (Please explain)	

Click here to provide comments.

11.	Does the site plan provide the ability to construct publicly accessible bicycling and walking connections with adjacent parcels which may be redeveloped in the future?
	The ability for walkers and bicyclists to move between developments safely and conveniently reduces reliance on vehicular trips, which has congestion reduction and health benefits. Such opportunities should be considered and proactively incorporated into development site plans whenever possible.
	YES (connections to adjacent parcels are planned as part of the development)
	YES (stub outs will make future connections possible when adjacent parcels redevelop)
	NO (the development site plan does not enable walking or bicycling to/from adjacent parcels)
	NO (the site plan precludes future connections with adjacent parcels when they redevelop)
	☐ NOT APPLICABLE (adjacent parcels are not likely to develop or redevelop in the near future)
	NOT APPLICABLE (the nature of the development or adjacent parcels does not lend itself to interparcel walking and bicycling trips)
12.	Does the site plan effectively manage truck movements and separate them, to the extent possible, from the flow of pedestrians, bicyclists and motorists both within the site and on the surrounding road network?
	The ability for delivery and service vehicles to efficiently enter and exit major developments is often key to their economic success. So is the ability of visitors and customers being able to move around safely and pleasantly within the site. To the extent practical, truck movements should be segregated by minimizing the number of conflict points with publicly accessible internal roadways, sidewalks, paths and other facilities.
	YES (truck routes to serve destinations within the site are clearly delineated, provide ample space for queuing and turning around, and are separated from other users to the extent practical)
	PARTIAL (while one or more truck routes are also used by motorists and/or interface with primary walking and bicycling routes, the site plan mitigates the potential for conflict adequately)
	NO (one or more truck routes serving the site conflict directly with routes likely to be used heavily by pedestrians, bicyclists and/or motorists)
	NOT APPLICABLE (the nature of the development will not generate a wide variety of users and/or very low truck volumes, so the notential for conflict is negligible)

RECOMMENDATIONS

13.	from a constructability standpoint?
	UNKNOWN (additional study is necessary)
	YES (based on information made available through the review process; does not represent a thorough engineering / financial analysis)
	□ NO (see comments below)
	Click here to enter text.
14.	Is ARC aware of any issues with the development proposal which may result in it being opposed by one or more local governments, agencies or stakeholder groups?
	NO (based on information shared with ARC staff prior to or during the review process; does not reflect the outcome of an extensive stakeholder engagement process)
	YES (see comments below)
	Click here to enter text.
15.	ARC offers the following additional comments for consideration by the development team and/or the applicable local government(s):
	None

